PETROX RESOURCES CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

The condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 have not been reviewed by the Corporation's auditors.

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Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

As at

	Note	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
		(Unaudited)	
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash		\$ 304,284	\$ 260,195
Trade and other receivables		58,796	60,015
Prepaid expense		5,762	6,707
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		368,842	326,917
NON-CURRENT			
Property and equipment	5	576,756	617,280
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 945,598	\$ 944,197
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT			
Trade and other payables		\$ 69,054	\$ 35,079
NON-CURRENT			
Decommissioning obligations	6	345,518	345,325
TOTAL LIABILITIES		414,572	380,404
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	7	4,174,166	4,174,166
Contributed surplus		2,304,548	2,304,548
Deficit		(5,947,688)	(5,914,921)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		 531,026	 563,793

GOING CONCERN (Note 2) SUBSEQUENT EVENT (Note 11)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(Signed) "Edwin Tam"

(Signed) "Alan P. Chan"

 ${\bf Condensed\ Interim\ Statements\ of\ Comprehensive\ Loss}$

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

	Note		ree months ended March 31, 2018	Т	Chree months ended March 31, 2017
REVENUE					
Production revenue		\$	175,724	\$	167,454
Royalties			(8,508)		(8,209)
			167,216		159,245
EXPENSES					
Operating costs			86,257		75,853
General and administrative fees			73,009		59,651
Depletion and depreciation	5		39,030		66,998
Accretion expense	6		1,687		1,381
			199,983		203,883
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)			(32,767)		(44,638)
OTHER ITEM					
Interest income			-		51
			-		51
NET COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		\$	(32,767)		\$ (44,587)
LOSS PER SHARE					
Basic and diluted		\$	(0.001)	\$	(0.001)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES					
Basic and diluted		:	55,132,258		55,132,258

Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

	Share Ca	apital						
	Number of Shares		Share capital	Contribu	ıted Surplus]	Deficit	 Shareholders' Equity
As at December 31, 2017	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166	\$	2,304,548	\$	(5,914,921)	\$ 563,793
Comprehensive loss	-		-		-		(32,767)	(32,767)
As at March 31, 2018	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166	\$	2,304,548	\$	(5,947,688)	\$ 531,026

	Share Ca	apital						
	Number of Shares		Share apital	Contribu	ited Surplus	I	Deficit	 Shareholders' Equity
As at December 31, 2016	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166	\$	2,304,548	\$	(3,469,438)	\$ 3,009,276
Comprehensive loss	-		-		-		(44,587)	(44,587)
As at March 31, 2017	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166	\$	2,304,548	\$	(3,514,025)	\$ 2,964,689

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Three months ended March 31, 2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ (32,767)	\$ (44,587)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depletion and depreciation	39,030	66,998
Accretion expense	1,687	1,381
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Trade and other receivables	1,219	1,105
Goods and services tax recoverable	-	3,777
Prepaid expenses	945	(7,970)
Trade and other payables	33,975	(55,551)
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	44,089	(34,847)
INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH	44,089	(34,847)
Cash - beginning of period	260,195	335,342
CASH - END OF PERIOD	\$ 304,284	\$ 300,495

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Petrox Resources Corp. ("Petrox" or the "Corporation") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on February 25, 2011. The principal business of the Corporation is the acquisition, exploration, development and production of petroleum and natural gas in Canada.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 28, 2018. The Corporation's registered office is Suite 3001, 505 – 6 Street SW, Calgary, AB, Canada T2P 1X5.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION, STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND GOING CONCERN

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical basis and compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. These unaudited condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's December 31, 2017 audited annual financial statements.

IFRS was applied on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Corporation will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a forced liquidation. The Corporation has a comprehensive loss of \$32,767 for the three months period ended March 31, 2018, accumulated deficit of \$5,947,688 and cash flows from operating activities of \$44,098. Although recent developments have improved the Corporation's profitability, these conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities should the Corporation be unable to continue as a going concern.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared, for all periods presented, following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as described in Note 3 to the Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these judgments and estimates. The financial statements include judgments and estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such judgments and estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Management reviews significant estimates on a periodic basis and, when changes in estimates are necessary, makes adjustments prospectively.

The key sources of estimates and judgments made by management, are as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Exploration and Evaluation Costs

Certain exploration and evaluation costs are initially capitalized with the intent to establish commercially viable reserves. The Corporation is required to make judgments about future events and circumstances and applies estimates to assess the economic viability of extracting the underlying resources. The costs are subject to technical, commercial and management review to confirm the continued intent to develop the project. Level of drilling success, or changes to project economics, resource quantities, expected production techniques, production costs and required capital expenditures, are important judgments when making this determination.

Development Costs

Management uses judgment to determine when exploration and evaluation assets are reclassified to Property and Equipment. This decision considers several factors, including the existence of reserves, appropriate approvals from regulatory bodies and the Corporation's internal project approval processes.

Determination of Cash Generating Units

A CGU is defined as the lowest grouping of integrated assets that generate identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. The allocation of assets into CGUs requires significant judgment and interpretations with respect to the integration between assets, the existence of active markets, similar exposure to market risks, shared infrastructures, and the way in which management monitors the operations. Management has determined that the Corporation has two CGUs.

Asset Impairment and Reversals

Management applies judgment in assessing the existence of impairment and impairment reversal indicators based on various internal and external factors. The recoverable amount of CGUs and individual assets is determined based on the higher of fair value less costs to sell or value-in-use calculations. The key estimates the Corporation applies in determining the recoverable amount normally include estimated future commodity prices, expected production volumes, future operating and development costs, discount rates, tax rates, and refining margins. In determining the recoverable amount, management may also be required to make judgments regarding the likelihood of occurrence of a future event. Changes to these estimates and judgments will affect the recoverable amounts of CGUs and individual assets and may then require a material adjustment to their related carrying value.

Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is considered probable that deductible temporary differences will be recovered in the foreseeable future. To the extent that future taxable income and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction differ significantly from the Corporation's estimate, the ability of the Corporation to realize the deferred tax assets could be impacted. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized when there are taxable temporary differences that will reverse and result in a future outflow of funds to a taxation authority. The Corporation records a provision for the amount that is expected to be settled, which requires the application of judgment as to the ultimate outcome. Deferred tax liabilities could be impacted by changes in the Corporation's judgment of the likelihood of a future outflow and estimates of the expected settlement amount, and the tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Reserves

Reserves are used in the unit of production calculation for depletion and depreciation, as well as impairment analysis. The quantity of reserves is subject to a number of estimates and projections including assessment of engineering data, projected future rates of production, commodity prices, regulatory changes, operating costs and sustaining capital expenditures. These estimates and projections are uncertain as the Corporation does not have a long commercial production history to assist in the development of these forward-looking estimates. However, all reserve and associated financial information is evaluated and reported on by a firm of qualified independent reserve evaluators in accordance with the standards prescribed by applicable securities regulators. The calculation of future cash flows based on these reserves is dependent on a number of estimates including: production volumes, facility performance, commodity prices, and royalties, operating costs, sustaining capital and tax rates. The price used in the Corporation's assessment of future cash flows is based on the Corporation's independent evaluator's estimate of future prices and evaluated for reasonability by the Corporation against other available information. The Corporation believes these prices are reasonable estimates for a long-term outlook.

Decommissioning liabilities

The Corporation measures decommissioning liabilities at each financial statement date. The estimate is based on the Corporation's share of costs to reclaim the assets and certain facilities. To determine the future value of the liability, estimates of the amount, timing and inflation of the associated abandonment costs are made. The present value of the cost is recorded as the decommissioning liability using a risk-free discount rate. Due to the long-term nature of current and future project developments, abandonment costs will be incurred many years in the future. Because of these factors, different estimates could be used for such abandonment costs and the associated timing. Assumptions of higher future abandonment costs, regulatory changes, higher inflation, lower risk-free rates or an assumption of earlier or specified timing of abandonment would cause the decommissioning liability of the corresponding asset to increase. These changes would also cause future accretion expenses to increase.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Period ended March 31, 2018	Property & Equipment	F	urniture & Fixtures	Total
Cost				
Beginning balance	\$ 3,058,777	\$	2,212	\$ 3,060,989
Changes in estimate (Note 8)	(1,494)		-	(1,494)
Ending balance	3,057,283		2,212	3,059,495
Accumulated Depletion				
Beginning balance	(2,442,010)		(1,699)	(2,443,709)
Impairments	-		-	-
Depletion and Depreciation	(38,961)		(277)	(39,238)
Ending balance	(2,480,971)		(1,976)	(2,482,947)
Book Value	\$ 576,312	\$	236	\$ 576,548
Year ended December 31, 2017	Property & Equipment	F	urniture & Fixtures	Total
Cost	Equipment		1 tatal es	
Beginning balance	\$ 3,042,769	\$	2,212	\$ 3,044,981
Changes in estimate (Note 8)	16,008	Ψ	-,	16,008
Ending balance	3,058,777		2,212	3,060,989
Accumulated Depletion	, ,		,	,
Beginning balance	(1,162,418)		(1,422)	(1,163,840)
Impairments	(1,062,785)		-	(1,062,785)
Depletion and Depreciation	(216,807)		(277)	(217,084)
Ending balance	(2,442,010)		(1,699)	(2,443,709)
Book Value	\$ 616,767	\$	513	\$ 617,280

<u>Impairment</u>

There is no indication of impariment as of March 31, 2018.

6. DECOMMISSIONING OBLIGATIONS

The following table presents the reconciliation of the carrying amount of the obligation associated with the reclamation and abandonment of the Corporation's oil and gas properties:

	Three months ended March 31, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017		
Beginning balance	\$ 345,325	\$	323,156	
Accretion	1,687		6,161	
Change in estimate	(1,494)		16,008	
Ending balance	\$345,518	\$	345,325	

The following assumptions were used to estimate the decommissioning obligation at March 31, 2018:

Undiscounted cash flows \$402,147
Risk free rate 1.98-2.04%
Inflation rate 2%
Expected timing of cash flows 6 years – 9 years

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

7. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized:

Unlimited number of common shares without par value Unlimited number of preferred shares without par value

Issued:		March 31, 2018		Dec	cember 31, 2017
Common shares	Number	Amount	Number		Amount
Balance - beginning of period	55,132,258	\$ 4,174,166	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166
Balance - end of period	55,132,258	\$ 4,174,166	55,132,258	\$	4,174,166

(b) Stock Option Plan

The Corporation has adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Corporation may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Exchange's requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants of the Corporation, non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Corporation. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. Vesting terms will be determined at the time of grant by the Board of Directors.

		Ì	March 31, 2018		Dece	ember 31, 2017
	Number of		Weighted	Number of	,	Weighted
	Options	Ave	rage Price	Options	Avei	age Price
Balance - beginning of year	400,000	\$	0.12	1,049,000	\$	0.14
Granted	-		-	-		-
Exercised	-		-	-		-
Expired	-		-	(649,000)		0.16
Balance - end of period	400,000	\$	0.12	400,000	\$	0.12
Exercisable - end of period	400,000	\$	0.12	400,000	\$	0.12

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Weighted average remaining life in years	0.58 years	0.83 years
Range of exercise price	\$0.12	0.12

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following tables summarize the remuneration of directors and of other members of key management personnel during the periods:

	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Consulting fees	\$ 26,350	\$ 26,350

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Corporation's financial assets consist of cash, trade and other receivables, and goods and services tax recoverable, and its financial liabilities consist of trade and other payables. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest or currency arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value, unless otherwise noted, due to the short-term maturity of these items.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to a Corporation if a counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Corporation's financial instruments that subject it to credit risk relate to cash in Canadian chartered banks, interest receivable from Canadian chartered banks, goods and services tax recoverable from the federal government, and trade and other receivables. The Corporation considers the risk of default from parties in the oil and gas industry to be low.

The composition of trade and other receivables relates to oil sales which is typically collected in the month following the sales month.

The composition of trade and other receivables is summarized in the follow table:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Current	\$ 58,796	\$ 60,015
Total	\$ 58,796	\$ 60,015

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The financial liabilities on the statement of financial position consist of trade and other payables. The Corporation anticipates it will have adequate liquidity to fund its financial liabilities. Trade and other payables consist of invoices payable to trade suppliers for general, administrative and capital expenditures and are usually payable in 30 to 90 days.

The following table indicates the contractual maturities for financial liabilities:

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Current	\$ 69,054	\$ 41,710
Total	\$ 69,054	\$ 41,710

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as currency, commodity and interest will affect the Corporation's net earnings, future cash flows, the value of financial instruments, or the fair value of its assets and liabilities. The Corporation does not purchase services denominated in other than Canadian dollars and as such is not exposed to currency fluctuations. The Corporation has no debt and as such has no material exposure to interest risk.

Commodity price risk

The nature of the Corporation's operations results in exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices. Commodity prices for petroleum and natural gas are impacted by global economic and political events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. A 5% change in price of oil would represent a change in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2018, of approximately \$8,786.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Corporation's objectives when managing capital are:

- To safeguard the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern.
- To maintain appropriate cash reserves on hand to meet ongoing operating costs.
- To invest cash on hand in highly liquid and highly rated financial instruments.

The Corporation's policy is to maintain a strong and stable capital base for the objectives of maintaining financial flexibility, to sustain the development of the Corporation's current capital projects and for future development of the Corporation. The Corporation monitors its working capital and expected capital spending and issues share capital to manage its development plans.

The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Corporation's management. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Corporation, is reasonable. The Corporation is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

The Corporation considers its capital structure to be shareholders' equity.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 24, 2018, the Corporation entered into a letter agreement with TrueNorth CX Inc. ("TNCX") dated April 24, 2018 (the "LOI") pursuant to which Petrox and TNCX intend to complete a three cornered amalgamation (the "Transaction") whereby Petrox will incorporate a new wholly owned subsidiary which will amalgamate with TNCX to form a new company (the "Resulting Issuer"). Under the terms of the LOI, it is proposed that pursuant to the Transaction, Petrox will complete a 5.5 to one (5.5:1) consolidation of all its issued and outstanding common shares (the "Consolidation") and the parties will complete the following exchange of securities, at a deemed issue price of C\$0.10 per post consolidation common share:

- (i) each outstanding TNCX common share shall be exchanged for one unit (a "Resulting Issuer Unit") consisting of one post-Consolidation common share of the Resulting Issuer (a "Resulting Issuer Common Share") and one-half of a warrant (each whole warrant, a "Resulting Issuer Warrant"), each of which Resulting Issuer Warrant shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one additional Resulting Issuer Common Share for a period of one year at a price of \$0.25 per share; and
- (ii) each outstanding post consolidation Petrox common share will be exchanged for one (1) Resulting Issuer Common Share.

The Transaction will be an arm's length transaction as none of the directors, officers or insiders of Petrox own any interest in TNCX and none of the directors, officers or insiders of TNCX own any interest in Petrox. In connection with the Transaction, Petrox will seek to list its shares for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") and will delist its shares from the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV").

Petrox will hold a special meeting of its shareholders on or before the closing date to obtain authorization for the Transaction, including the Consolidation, and to change its name to "TrueNorth CX Corp.". It is expected that a definitive agreement between Petrox and TNCX will be executed on or before June 1, 2018.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited)

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENT (CONTINUED)

TNCX is a Waterloo, Ontario based software technology company developing a highly secured cryptocurrency exchange with the goal to trade all major global cryptocurrencies. It is the intention to pursue all regulatory approvals to trade both security-based tokens and utility tokens as well as offer Initial Coin Offerings and Initial Token Offers to the account holders within the exchange. TNCX will also license the platform globally to regulated entities that wish to enter the cryptocurrency exchange marketplace. TNCX's technology platform is based on a autoscale architecture and is designed to meet any demand load presented by the users of the system while maintain the highest level of security. To secure the crypto-wallet that is used on mobile devices, laptop and desktop computers, TNCX will utilize the next generation elliptic curve technology combining quatum cryptography to make the wallet the most secured on the block chain. TNCX currently has 35,000,000 common shares outstanding and no stock options or warrants. Concurrently with the Transaction, TNCX will be completing a private placement of up to \$3,000,000 by issuing up to 30,000,000 common shares at \$0.10 per common share.

Trading of the shares of Petrox has been halted and will not resume until all documents required by the TSXV have been filed.